In the claims:

Amend the following claims:

- 1. An apparatus for securing a wiper arm, which is driven via a lever mechanism (10) that has a drive lever, connected in a manner fixed against relative rotation to [the] <u>a</u> drive shaft (12), and a steering lever (22, 24, 26) connected to an axle (16, 18, 20), which are [pivotably] <u>pivotally</u> connected to a wiper lever (112), characterized in that the steering lever (22, 24, 26) is braced in [the] <u>a</u> mounting direction (28) on a bearing shoulder (30, 32, 34) on the axle (16, 18, 20), and the axle (16, 18, 20) is arranged at a <u>side of the steering lever (22, 24, 26)</u>, which faces away of a wiper blade.
- 3. The apparatus of claim 2, characterized in that the disk (36, 38) is [pressed by] in positive engagement [onto] with the axle (16, 18).
- 4. The apparatus of claim 2, characterized in that the axle (16) is joined [solidly] in the pivoting direction (42, 44) to the disk (36), and the disk (36) is joined by positive engagement to the steering lever (22) in the pivoting direction (42, 44).

- 7. The apparatus of claim 6, characterized in that the side walls (46, 48) [are embodied as merging] in the mounting direction (28) deviate from a smaller cross-sectional region (50) [deviating from radial symmetry] to a larger cross-sectional region (52).
- 9. The apparatus of claim 1, characterized in that the axle (18) has a cross-sect6ional region (56) deviating from radial symmetry and having a pressure piece (58), placed between the axle (18) and the steering lever (24), which pressure piece has an opening (60) embodied to suit the cross-sectional region (56) deviating from radial symmetry and positively surrounds the axle (18) and has an outer cone (62), with which it is pressed by a separable fastening element (64) on the axle (18) into an [a suitably shaped] inner cone (66) of the steering lever (24) and is fixed jointly with the steering lever (24) in the axial direction on the bearing shoulder (32).
- 11. The apparatus of claim 10, characterized in that the drive shaft (12) has at least one cross-sectional region (70) [deviating from radial symmetry and] having a pressure piece (72), placed between the drive shaft (12) and the drive lever (14), which pressure piece has an opening (74) embodied to suit the cross-sectional regional (70) deviating from radial symmetry and positively surrounds the drive shaft (12) and has an outer

cone (76), with which it is pressed by a separable fastening element (64) on the drive shaft (12) into a suitably shaped inner cone (78) of the drive lever (14) and is fixed jointly with the drive lever (14) in the axial direction on the bearing shoulder (68).

- 12. The apparatus of claim 9, characterized in that the cross-sectional region (56, 70)[, deviating from radial symmetry,] of the drive shaft (12) [and/or], the axle (18) and both has an increasing diameter (80, 82), at least in one region in the mounting direction (28), and the pressure piece (58, 72) is fixed without play nonpositively on the cross-sectional region (56, 70).
- 13. The apparatus of claim 9, characterized in that the pressure piece (58, 72) and at least one element selected from the group consisting of the drive shaft (12) [and/or], the axle (18) and both are connected positively via from one to twelve large, load-bearing faces (84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94).

Amended claims:

1. An apparatus for securing a wiper arm, which is driven via a lever mechanism (10) that has a drive lever, connected in a manner fixed against relative rotation to a drive shaft (12), and a steering lever (22, 24, 26) connected to an axle (16, 18, 20), which are pivotally connected to a wiper lever (112), characterized in that the steering lever (22, 24, 26) is braced in a mounting direction (28) on a bearing shoulder (30, 32, 34) on the axle (16, 18, 20), and the axle (16, 18, 20) is arranged at a side of the steering lever (22, 24, 26), which faces away of a wiper blade.

3. The apparatus of claim 2, characterized in that the disk (36, 38) is in positive engagement with the axle (16, 18).

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4. The apparatus of claim 2, characterized in that the axle (16) is joined in the pivoting direction (42, 44) to the disk (36), and the disk (36) is joined by positive engagement to the steering lever (22) in the pivoting direction (42, 44).

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- 7. The apparatus of claim 6, characterized in that the side walls (46, 48) in the mounting direction (28) deviate from a smaller cross-sectional region (50) to a larger cross-sectional region (52).
- 9. The apparatus of claim 1, characterized in that the axle (18) has a cross-sect6ional region (56) deviating from radial symmetry and having a pressure piece (58), placed between the axle (18) and the steering lever (24), which pressure piece has an opening (60) embodied to suit the cross-sectional region (56) deviating from radial symmetry and positively surrounds the axle (18) and has an outer cone (62), with which it is pressed by a separable fastening element (64) on the axle (18) into an inner cone (66) of the steering lever (24) and is fixed jointly with the steering lever (24) in the axial direction on the bearing shoulder (32).

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11. The apparatus of claim 10, characterized in that the drive shaft (12) has at least one cross-sectional region (70) having a pressure piece (72), placed between the drive shaft (12) and the drive lever (14), which pressure piece has an opening (74) embodied to suit the cross-sectional regional (70) deviating from radial symmetry and positively surrounds the drive shaft (12) and has an outer cone (76), with which it is pressed by a separable fastening element (64) on the drive shaft (12) into a

suitably shaped inner cone (78) of the drive lever (14) and is fixed jointly with the drive lever (14) in the axial direction on the bearing shoulder (68).

12. The apparatus of claim 9, characterized in that the cross-sectional region (56, 70) of the drive shaft (12), the axle (18) and both has an increasing diameter (80, 82), at least in one region in the mounting direction (28), and the pressure piece (58, 72) is fixed without play nonpositively on the cross-sectional region (56, 70).

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13. The apparatus of claim 9, characterized in that the pressure piece (58, 72) and at least one element selected from the group consisting of the drive shaft (12), the axle (18) and both are connected positively via from one to twelve large, load-bearing faces (84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94).

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16. A wiper securing system, comprising a wiper arm, which is driven via a lever mechanism (10) that has a drive lever, connected in a manner fixed against relative rotation to a drive shaft (12), and a steering lever (22, 24, 26) connected to an axle (16, 18, 20), which are pivotally connected to a wiper lever (112), the steering lever (22, 24, 26) is braced in a mounting direction (28) on a bearing shoulder (30, 32, 34) on the axle (16, 18, 20), and the axle (16, 18, 20) is arranged at a side of the steering lever (22, 24, 26), which faces away of a wiper blade.

Please provide the following new abstract of the disclosure:

The invention relates to an apparatus for securing a wiper arm, which is driven via a lever mechanism that has a drive lever connected in a manner fixed against relative rotation to the drive shaft, and a steering lever connected to an axle which are pivotably connected to a lever, and the steering lever is braced in the mounting direction on a bearing shoulder on the axle.